KETA MUNICIPAL HEALTH DIRECTORATE



4th QUARTER REPORT

JANUARY 2023

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

The Municipal Health Directorate operates within the local government as one of the decentralized departments with a mandate to deliver quality health care services to the population within the municipality and beyond. The operational population of **Keta municipal** as projected from the 2010 census, based on an annual growth rate of 1.9%, is as follows:

Keta Municipal - 80,528 (source National Demographic survey)
Children < 1 year - 3,741

Women in reproductive age - 22,447.

The health service operates within 2 sub-municipalities namely; Anyako and Keta.

Health services are provided by 2 hospitals (1 CHAG), 5 health Centers, 3 clinics (2 private and 1 CHAG), 4 CHPS compound and a Maternity home. Physician Assistants heads the sub districts and they work with teams of clinical and preventive health workers to provide a wide range of services to community members. The municipality has two main hospitals which serve as referral centers for other health centers and CHPs compounds. At the community level, there are about 62 maternal and child health outreach points, 22 trained traditional birth attendants and 19 inactive Community Based Surveillance volunteers (CBSVs). The 2 hospitals have a total bed capacity of 200 (KMH-110. SHH-90). The total staff strength is over 700 with 9 Doctors and 15 Physician Assistants. Nurses/Midwives constitute about 50% of the staff population with a little over 15% being para medicals and about 150 casual workers. Within this quarter, the municipality received 7 newly posted staff mainly nursing category to complement the current staffing situation.

MISSION

"To provide quality health service responsive to the needs of all persons living in Keta and beyond by implementing approved health sector policies, increase access to health service and manage prudently resources available for health service provision".

VISION

People living in Keta municipal are healthier, wealthier and happier through the provision of the highest quality of health services through stakeholder collaboration

CORE FUNCTIONS OF GHANA HEALTH SERVICE/MUNICIPAL HEALTH DIRECTORATE

All the activities carried by the Municipal Health Services are structured to achieve the four (4) main strategic objectives of the Ghana Health Services which are:

- 1. Ensure sustainable, Affordable, Equitable, and easily accessible Health services (Universal Health Coverage.
- 2. Reduce Morbidity and Mortality, Intensify Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases
- 3. Enhance Efficiency and Governance and Management
- 4. Intensify Prevention and Control of Communicable Diseases and ensure the reduction of New HIV/AIDS and other STIS, especially among the Vulnerable Group)

At the district level, curative services are provided by the municipal hospital and Sacred Heart hospital, a faith based at Abor. Public health services are provided by the Municipal Health Management Team and the Public Health units of the two (2) hospitals. The Municipal Health Directorate (MHD) provides supervision and management support to the lower level facilities at the sub-districts level. At the sub-district level both preventive and curative services are provided by the health centers, CHPS zones as well as outreach services to the communities within their catchment areas. Basic preventive and curative services for minor ailments are being addressed at the community and household level with the introduction of the Community-based Health Planning and Services (CHPS).

Among the key functions of the department includes:

- * Ensure access to quality affordable health services at all levels
- ❖ Implement approved policies, standards and operational guidelines determined set by the ministry.
- Promote healthy lifestyles and living
- Establish effective mechanisms for disease surveillance, prevention and control
- ❖ Provide relevant in-service training to enhance the skills of staff
- Manage assets and properties of the services
- ❖ Perform any other function that is relevant to the promotion, protection and restoration of health.
- ❖ Ensure access to quality affordable health services at all levels
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- Establish effective mechanisms for disease surveillance, prevention and control
- ❖ Provide relevant in-service training to enhance the skills of staff
- ❖ Manage assets and properties of the services
- ❖ Perform any other function that is relevant to the promotion, protection and restoration of health.
- Collaborate with local and traditional authorities to promotes health
- Collaborate with decentralized departments to manage all Public Health Emergencies

KEY ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT THE 4thQUARTER ON 2022 ACTION PLAN

ACTIVITY	ACTIVITY	LEVEL OF	REMARKS
PLANNED	CARRIED OUT	IMPLEME	
		NTATION	
Organize 1	1 rounds of supervision	100% of	CHMCs were taken
supportive	carried out to 8 CHMC	planned	through the health
supervision of	meetings and 2 durbars	activity	issues affecting the
CHMC meetings and	supported and	carried out	communities.
community Durbars	supervised		(community specific)
			And ways to address
			these issues were
			reached. (COVID -19
			hesitancy, high TB
			rate high teenage
			pregnancy, Diabetes
			etc.)

Processing and	New entrants and staffs	100% of the	About 100% of the
submission of	promoted letters were	salaries for	new entrants and
salaries for new	processed and	new entrant	staffs promoted had
entrant and promoted	submitted to region. A	and	feedback on their
staffs to Regional	total of 53 staff	promoted	current status in the
Health Directorate	promoted and salaries	staff was	service
(IPPD unit)	processed	processed	
		and sent to	
		Regional	
		Health	
		Directorate	
		(IPPD Unit)	
Organize review	Review meeting carried	100%	TB coordinators from
meeting on TB	out in all health centers	achieved	national, district met
control activities	and the two hospital		with the hospitals and
	room to review		Health centers TB
	activities on TB		coordinator and
	Control and strategies		community volunteers
	to increase TB case		(C V) to review their
	detection a total 20		activity for the quarter
	staff and 8 CV were		and way forward.
	present		
Organize advocacy	12 Radio programs and		
programme on	7 community durbars	100% of	
COVID 19	were organized on	planned	
vaccination services	maternal, neonatal and	radio	
using radio and	child health programs	discussions	
community durbars		carried out	

Organize weekly	Weekly nutrition	All	Patients who needed
nutrition clinics for	clinics carried out as	PLWHIV	special care were
PLWHIV and	planned	and diabetic	given nutritional
diabetic patients at		patients who	supplement (FBF)
the KMH		needed	provided by GHS
		counseling	
		were	
		provided per	
		protocol	
Carry out Monthly	3 Monthly validation of	Planned	All staff were
salary Validation for	salary was carried out	activity	validated
staff	for all staffs in the 12	carried out	
	health facilities within		
	the Municipality. The	Municipality. The	
	total number of people		
	validated were 115		
To Participate in the	Quarterly financial	100% the	
4th quarters regional	validation exercise not	activity	
financial validation	carried out	planed was	
exercise		conducted	
Monthly Processing	3 months NHIS claims	100%	Claims were
and submission of	processed and	Achieved.	submitted within the
NHIS claims to	submitted to NHIA		stipulated time
NHIA			
Held procurement	Planned meeting	100%	Procurement meeting
meeting, Municipal	carried out in this	Achieved	was organized to plan
Health Management	quarter a total of 7		for the 4 quarters

Meetings as required	people attended the		procurement as well
	meeting		as the year. All sub
			district leaders
			procurement officer
			and core members
			were part of this
			meeting
Carryout quarterly	1 round of Integrated		This activity was not
integrated supportive	supportive supervision	0%	carried out due to
supervision to all	was organized	achieved	other compelling
health facilities			activities like Polio
within the			NID, COVID-19
municipality			vaccination exercise.
Timely management	Logistics were		Requisitions were
of logistics at all	distributed though the	75%	processed timely and
levels to avoid stock	Last Mile Distribution	Achieved	medicines and non-
outs of commodities	from Regional Medical		medicines delivered
	Stores and open market		by Regional Medical
	as well as donors		Stores through the
			Last Mile
			Distribution. How
			ever few essential
			medicines were not
			available
Carry out 3 monthly	3 data validation and	100%	Data validation
data validation and	verification exercises	Achieved	exercises were carried
verification exercise	carried out as planned		out to ensure that high
	both at the facility and		quality data is

	district levels before		produced for analysis
	entry into the District		and decision making
	Health Information		
	Management System		
	(DHIMS)		
Investigate all	cases of Suspected	Targets set	A total of 4 suspected
reported suspected	Measles and yellow	achieved	case of measles and a
cases of epidemic	fever were investigated		yellow fever
prone diseases,	and all were negative		suspected case had
including AFP, YF,			their samples taken
NNT, Measles,			and sent to Accra
COVID19 and			(nugochi) for
provide feedback as			investigations and all
per IDSR guidelines			of them were negative
Organize 1 Public	The PHEMC meeting	0% achieved	PHEMC meeting was
Health Emergency	was not held.		not held during this
Management			first quarter due to
Committee Meeting			equally competing
			programs.

SOURCE OF FUNDING OF ACTIVITIES

Earmarked program funds example Funds for TB Control activities, COVID -19 vaccination and Malaria, control activities

Internally generated funded programs like health promotion programs (Radio programs) and Child welfare clinics which is co-funded.

OTHER ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT

COVID – 19 STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT GHANA PSYCHIC AND TRADITIONAL HEALERS (GPTHA)LEADERS MEETING

As part of the strategies to reduce COVID 19 Hesitancy and increase the uptake of the vaccine stakeholders from various shrine and traditional psychic and healer association were invited to discuss ways to improve the uptake of the vaccine among their members this activity was made possible through funds from Breakthrough ACTION(NGO). A total of 36 people attended the meeting.

COVID 19 VACCINATION EXERCISE

COVID 19 is still within the municipality and a public health issues for the GHS as well Us NGOs hence to increase the coverage of COVID 19 vaccination within the municipality a total of four vaccination exercise was conducted within the fourth quarter which was funded by Volta regional Health Directorate and Jhpiego. After the four exercise a total of 9,949 people were vaccinated within the entire municipality.

NUTRITION SURVEILLANCE

As part of MOFA and Volta Regional Health Directorate (Nutrition Unit) four yearly MOFA Nutrition Food Security Survey (MNFS) there is a nationwide nutrition survey and the aim of this survey is to assess the nutritional state of the nation's children under five hence nutrition officers were selected from all over the regions for this activity of which Keta Municipal is not an exception. The objective of the exercise is to assess children 0-59 months in connection with breastfeeding and feeding practices of mothers to their children. The survey was carried out in 25 communities within the municipality. The following communities were part of the survey 5 communities in Keta, 3 communities in Afiadenyigba 4 communities in Abor 2 communities

in Atiavi, a community in Asadame, 2 communities in Tsiame, a community in Anyako, Hatorgodo and Abolove respectively, and 3 communities in Abor. A total of 158 children 0-59 anthropocentric data were captured, feeding status and 24 hour dietary information were captured.

BABY FRIENDLY HOSPITAL INITIATIVE (BFHI) MONITORING

This is an initiative that seeks to promote exclusive breastfeeding of babies to 6months and continues breastfeeding of children up to two year by caregivers. This will be achieved through the knowledge the staff has on the policy and code of compliance of breastfeeding and the skills to deliver breastfeeding policies spelt out in the policy guide. With this activity 6 facilities in the municipality were selected. 2 hospital (Keta Municipal and Abor Sacred Heart) two health centers (Kedzi and Anyako) and a CHPs compound (Aborlove) in the two sub municipals all cadre of staff at the Maternity and mothers who delivered at the hospital were interviewed.

HEALTH SCREENING

The health of people rely on how inform they are about their health status and as part of the world Diabetes day celebration. There was a health screening of staff and the communities within Keta Municipality during the annual Hogbetsotso festival. This activity was made possible by the kind support from the Lions Club. A total of 331 persons age between 14 to 77 years weight, height and BMI were checked and a total of 189 people age 14 to 77 years BP and sugar level were checked out of which 114 were health staff.

GHS SECTOR WIDE INDICATORS FOR DISTRICT

Total estimated protection by contraceptive methods supplied (CYP) Proportion of deliveries attended by trained health workers (SKILLED DELIVERY) Proportion of newborns receiving postnatal care (PNC) within 48 hours from birth Proportion of mothers who made at least four (4) ANC visits Out Patient Department Attendance Proportion of OPD patients who are insured Proportion of functional Community Based Health Planning and Services OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTIO AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.70 Teenage Pregnancy Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 O 0 5.55 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 760 928.5 940.	INDICATOR	2020	2021	2022
Total estimated protection by contraceptive methods supplied (CYP)	Family planning Acceptor Rate	22 00/	20.29/	31.50%
supplied (CYP) 661.7 928.5 940. Proportion of deliveries attended by trained health workers (SKILLED DELIVERY) 99.4% 118.1% 108.3 Proportion of newborns receiving postnatal care (PNC) within 48 hours from birth 97.5% 99.1% 81.60 Proportion of mothers who made at least four (4) ANC visits 67.7% 75.9% 76.1 Out Patient Department Attendance 30,843 35,895 35.98 Proportion of OPD patients who are insured 83% 85.7% 87.30 Proportion of functional Community Based Health 38 100 100 Planning and Services OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.70 Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.60 Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.489 Institutional Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 0 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 0 Brill Birth	Total estimated protection by contraceptive methods	23.0%	20.2%	
workers (SKILLED DELIVERY) 99.4% 118.1% 108.3 Proportion of newborns receiving postnatal care (PNC) within 48 hours from birth 97.5% 99.1% 81.60 Proportion of mothers who made at least four (4) 67.7% 75.9% 76.1 ANC visits 67.7% 75.9% 76.1 Out Patient Department Attendance 30,843 35,895 35,99 Proportion of OPD patients who are insured 83% 85.7% 87.30 Proportion of functional Community Based Health 38 100 100 Planning and Services OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES 47.709 Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.709 Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.609 Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.489 Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 0 0 0 0 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 0 Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000	supplied (CYP)	661.7	928.5	940.6
Proportion of newborns receiving postnatal care (PNC) within 48 hours from birth 97.5% 99.1% 81.60	Proportion of deliveries attended by trained health			
97.5% 99.1% 81.00	workers (SKILLED DELIVERY)	99.4%	118.1%	108.30%
97.5% 99.1% 81.00	Proportion of newborns receiving postnatal care			
ANC visits Out Patient Department Attendance 75.9% 76.1 Out Patient Department Attendance 83% 85.7% 87.30 Proportion of OPD patients who are insured 83% 85.7% 87.30 Proportion of functional Community Based Health 38 100 100 Planning and Services OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.70% Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.60% 15.7% 12.60% 15.7% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 0 0 0 219.8 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 0 5.5 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5%		97.5%	99.1%	81.60%
Out Patient Department Attendance 30,843 35,895 35,995 3	Proportion of mothers who made at least four (4)			
Out Patient Department Attendance 30,843 35,895 35,995 Proportion of OPD patients who are insured 83% 85.7% 87.30 Proportion of functional Community Based Health 38 100 100 Planning and Services 38 100 100 OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.70 Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.60 Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.48% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 0 0 219.8 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 5.5 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 7.6	ANC visits	67.7%	75.9%	76.1%
Proportion of functional Community Based Health 38 100 100	Out Patient Department Attendance			35,995
Planning and Services	Proportion of OPD patients who are insured	83%	85.7%	87.30%
OBJECTIVE 2: REDUCE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, INTENSITY PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% 47.70% Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.60% Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.48% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 0 0 219.8 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 0 5.5 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 7.6	Proportion of functional Community Based Health	38	100	100
AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks 46.7% 43.3% Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.48% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 7.6	Planning and Services			
Teenage Pregnancy				EVENTION
Teenage Pregnancy 13.4% 15.7% 12.609 Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight 0.18% 3.8% 0.48% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 0 0 219.8 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited 0 0 0 0 Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 0 5.55 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 7.6	Prevalence of Anaemia In Pregnancy at 36weeks			47 70%
Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight O.18% Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O		46.7%	43.3%	
Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000 Percentage of Maternal Death Audited O O O Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5%	Teenage Pregnancy	13.4%	15.7%	12.60%
Description	Children Under Five (5) Years who are Underweight	0.18%	3.8%	0.48%
Description	Institutional Maternal Mortality Ratio Per 100,000			
0 0 0	·	0	0	219.8
Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000 0 0 5.5 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5%	Percentage of Maternal Death Audited	0		
0 0 5.5 Still Birth Rate 8.9 13.5% 7.6	Institutional Neonatal Mortality Rate Per 1000	U	U	U
Still Birth Rate 8.9 7.6		0	0	5.5
	Still Birth Rate			
OBJECTIVE 3: ENHANCE EFFICIENCY IN GOVERNANCE MANAGEMENT				
INDICATOR 2020 2021 2022			1	_

Proportion of planned integrated district supervisory	100%	100%	100%
visits undertaken			
Percentage planned data validation meetings held	100%	100%	100%
Proportion of health facilities (public and private)	100%	100%	100%
providing data into dhims2			
Completeness of reporting by health facilities	100%	100%	100%
Proportion of NHIS claims submitted on time	50%	100%	100%
Proportion of BMC with functional audit committees	100%	100%	100%
OBJECTIVE 4: Intensify Prevention and Control reduction of New HIV/AIDS and other STIS, especi			
Teduction of New III v//MDS and other ST15, especi	2020	2021	2022
Penta 3 Coverage	92.8	91.4%	80.1%
Measles-Rubella 2 Coverage	66.4%	68.2%	70.10%
BCG Coverage	136.8%	135%	112.50%
Malaria Case fatality Rate	0.22%	1.0%	
Surveillance			I
AFP	0	0	0
Measles	2	1	3
Yellow Fever	0	0	0
meningitis	0	0	0
AEFI	0	0	0
MDR TB	0	0	0
Cholera	0	0	0
ILI	0	0	0
Rabies	0	0	0
Neonatal tetanus	0	0	0
Schistosomiasis	0	0	0
Tuberculosis	0	0	0
Guinea worm	0	0	0
	i	1	

KEY ISSUES ADDRESSED

In Spite of the numerous challenges in 2021, and also during the beginning of this year the MHD was able to make a remarkable progress in some areas of reproductive health, prevention of communicable and non-communicable diseases, maternal and child health services and consistent progress in quality of data that is entered into an electronic database for the GHS (DHIMS 2). But most especially the directorate sustained the gains in Governance indicators this quarter.

Medicines and non-medicines that were supplied from the Regional medical stores constituted about 80% of the requirements of the health facilities but the MHD and the Municipal hospital managed to get drugs from the open market to supplement even though there is high indebtedness to them.

ISSUES YET TO BE ADDRESSED

- 1. Inadequate critical staff such as Doctors, laboratory scientist, pharmacist, dispensary assistants even though some intern doctors are providing services which was not available in previous year.
- **2.** High incidence of teenage pregnancy, anaemia in pregnancy, and low family planning acceptor rate even though there is an appreciation compared to previous quarters.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Efforts should be made by the MA to support the municipal hospital to set up a physiotherapy unit
- 2. The MDHS should increase lobbying at the RHD to attract more critical staff into the municipality and M A should aid in providing accommodation for the staffs who are willing to stay on after their internship as a way of motivation.

- 3. The Municipal Assembly should provide support to the MHD other departments to roll out a plan to deal with teenage pregnancy in the municipality. The plan that was developed with the Agric department on improving nutrition outcomes in the municipality should be reviewed and funding sourced to implement them to reduce the anaemia rate in the municipality
- 4. Conduct regular monitoring and supportive supervision to subdistricts.
- 5. The municipal Assembly should aid in constructing road to motor able areas so enhance prompt health care service delivery.
- 6. Also RHD and MA should support over-bank areas with canoe or boat to aid in service delivery.

CONCLUSION

The municipal health service has a mandate to save lives and it will do all it can to achieve this mandate. However, health does not operate in a vacuum and so all stakeholders should come together to address issues like teenage pregnancy, anemia in pregnancy and COVID 19 hesitancy.

ACTIVITY PICTURES



MEETING WITH GPTHA ON COVID 19 VACCINATION HESITANCY AT KMA CONFERENCE ROOM



TRAINING ON COVID 19 VACCINATION STRATEGIES TO REDUCE HESITANCY ATMHD CONFERENCE HALL



VACCINATOR TRYING TO REACH EVERY PERSON AT LAWOSHIME AND IT ENVIRONS AMIDST THE DIFFICULTIES



COVID -19 VACCINATION AT VODZA COMMUNITY



A CROSS-SECTION OF A NUTRITION OFFICER ASSESSING FEEDING PRACTICES OF MOTHER



A CROSS SECTION OF NUTRITION OFFICER TAKEN ANTHROPOCENTRIC MEASUREMENT



TB REVIEW MEETING AT AFIADENYIGBA AND ATIAVI HEALTH CENTER WITH TB COORDINATOR AND MHD STAFF



HEALTH SCREENING AT AFIADENYIGBA



A CROSS SECTION OF DELEGATES OF LION CLUB WITH AND STAKEHOLDERS WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY



ACROSS SECTION OF HEALTH SCREENING SESSION AT KMA FORECOURT